## LuK Clutch Academy Watcolm Short, Schaeffler VW Transporter

It's hard to believe that the Volkswagen Transporter was first introduced way back in 1950 - more than 60 years of production. A clutch replacement on the Transporter can be a little tricky, here LuK have some helpful advice.

Nothing out of the ordinary is needed to complete the job; the only special tools required are a transmission jack, an engine support beam and a long axle stand. A four post ramp was used in this example, but a two post ramp may also be suitable.

(i) Tech Tips

For safety reasons, its considered best practice to disconnect the battery earth lead before commencing work. If the vehicle has alloy wheels, it may be fitted with anti theft wheel bolts, so make sure you have the key before you start.

Open the bonnet, unclip the nearside plastic battery cover and disconnect the two battery terminals. Release the battery clamp and lift the battery out of the engine bay. Undo the two screws securing the coolant header tank and safely stow this to one side. Unclip the wiring harness from the plastic battery surround, then undo the two bolts securing the surround and lift it out.

Remove the four quick release hoses from the top of the fuel filter and lift it out by releasing the clamp ring with a pair of pliers. Release the rubber air inlet pipe at both ends, by pulling out the relevant clips on the hose. Once these clips are released, the hose will dislodge when pulled. Unplug the mass airflow sensor and lift the whole assembly out. Release the gear linkage cables and lift them off. Remove the starter motor electrical connections and unbolt the motor. Release the slave cylinder (Fig 1) and the two gear linkage bracket bolts that you can get to. Set up the engine support beam and undo the upper bell housing bolts.

Remove the road wheels and the hub



nuts on both sides. Remove the large plastic undertray and lower it down carefully. Unplug the reverse light switch and release both front lower suspension arms (Fig 2). Remove the last bolt holding the gear linkage bracket and remove it.



Undo the two bolts securing the offside driveshaft support and remove the shaft. Undo and release the nearside driveshaft by undoing the bolts and lift it out. Undo the rear engine mount steady bar and remove it. Undo the four bolts securing the steering rack to the subframe and release the engine mounting attached to the subframe, by undoing the single bolt. While supporting the subframe, undo the bolts securing it and lower it down to gain access.

Undo the two exhaust bracket support bolts (Fig 3) and undo the three bolts securing the gearbox support bracket (Fig 4). Remove the lower bell-housing bolts and lower the gearbox to the floor carefully.

With the clutch removed, check the dual mass flywheel (DMF) for signs of heat stress and evidence of grease loss. The DMF should



also be tested for freeplay and rock between the primary and secondary masses, LuK tool number 400 0080 10 is specifically designed for this purpose on all LuK manufactured DMF's. Full instructions and tolerance data for all LuK DMFs are contained on a CD which comes with this special tool.

Clean the first motion shaft splines and remove all debris from the bell housing (especially important when a release bearing has failed). Remember that if the bearing or sleeve is made of plastic, there is no need for lubrication. If both parts are metal then a high melting point grease should be used, but do not use copper based products.

Put a small dab of grease on the first motion shaft splines and make sure the new driven plate slides freely back and forth. This not only spreads the grease evenly, but also makes sure you have the correct kit. Wipe any excess grease off the shaft and driven plate hub. Using a universal alignment tool, and checking the driven plate is the correct way round (note "Getriebe Seite" is German for "Gearbox Side"), the clutch can be bolted to the flywheel evenly and sequentially.

Before fitting the gearbox, make sure the locating dowels are in place and not damaged. Refit any that have become dislodged and refit the gearbox. Make sure the gearbox bell housing bolts are secured before lowering the jack. Refitting is the reverse of the removal.

For technical support and repair installation tips, go to www.RepXpert.com or you can call the LuK technical hotline on 0044-143-226-4264.





